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SUBJECT: CODE OF CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PROPERTY

The District recognizes the value of positive interpersonal relationships and civil conduct in the educational process at all school-sponsored activities. Recognizing that students at every age level model behavior that they observe at school-sponsored activities, the District therefore requires that civility and appropriate sportsmanship be practiced at all times.

The District has developed and will amend, as appropriate, a written *Code of Conduct* for the Maintenance of Order on School Property, including school functions, which shall govern the conduct of students, teachers and other school personnel, as well as visitors and/or vendors. The Board shall further provide for the enforcement of such *Code of Conduct*.

For purposes of this policy, and the implemented *Code of Conduct*, school property means in or within any building, structure, athletic playing field, playground, parking lot or land contained within the real property boundary line of the District's elementary or secondary schools, or in or on a school bus; and a school function shall mean a school-sponsored extracurricular event or activity regardless of where such event or activity takes place, including those that take place in another state.

The *District Code of Conduct* has been developed in collaboration with student, teacher, administrator, and parent organizations, school safety personnel and other school personnel.

The *Code of Conduct* shall include, at a minimum, the following:

- a) Provisions regarding conduct, dress and language deemed appropriate and acceptable on school property and at school functions, and conduct, dress and language deemed unacceptable and inappropriate on school property; provisions regarding acceptable civil and respectful treatment of teachers, school administrators, other school personnel, students and visitors on school property and at school functions; the appropriate range of disciplinary measures which may be imposed for violation of such Code; and the roles of teachers, administrators, other school personnel, the Board and parents/persons in parental relation to the student;
- b) Provisions prohibiting discrimination, bullying and/or harassment against any student, by employees or students on school property, at a school function, or off school property when the actions create or would foreseeably create a risk of substantial disruption within the school environment or where it is foreseeable that the conduct might reach school property, that creates a hostile environment by conduct, with or without physical contact, threats, intimidation or abuse (verbal or non-verbal), of such a severe nature that:
 - 1. Has or would have the effect of unreasonably and substantially interfering with a student's educational performance, opportunities or benefits, or mental, emotional and/or physical well-being; or
 - 2. Reasonably causes or would reasonably be expected to cause a student to fear for their physical safety.

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SUBJECT: CODE OF CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PROPERTY

When the term "bullying" is used, even if not explicitly stated, such term includes cyberbullying, meaning such harassment or bullying that occurs through any form of electronic communication.

Such conduct shall include, but is not limited to, threats, intimidation, or abuse based on a person's actual or perceived race, color, weight, national origin, ethnic group, religion, religious practices, disability, sexual orientation, gender as defined in Education Law Section 11(6), or sex; provided that nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit a denial of admission into, or exclusion from, a course of instruction based on a person's gender that would be permissible under Education Law Sections 3201-a or 2854(2) (a) and Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 (20 USC Section 1681, et seq.), or to prohibit, as discrimination based on disability, actions that would be permissible under 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973;

- c) Standards and procedures to assure security and safety of students and school personnel;
- d) Provisions for the removal from the classroom and from school property, including a school function, of students and other persons who violate the Code;
- e) Provisions prescribing the period for which a disruptive student may be removed from the classroom for each incident, provided that no such student shall return to the classroom until the Principal (or their designated District administrator) makes a final determination pursuant to Education Law Section 3214(3-a)I or the period of removal expires, whichever is less;
- f) Consequences to be taken for incidents on school property or at school functions involving the use of tobacco, e-cigarettes and vaping products, the possession or use of illegal substances or weapons, the use of physical force, vandalism, violation of another student's civil rights, harassment and threats of violence;
- g) Provisions for responding to acts of discrimination, bullying and/or harassment against students by employees or students on school property, at a school function, or off school property when the actions create or would foreseeable create a risk of substantial disruption within the school environment or where it is foreseeable that the conduct might reach school property, pursuant to clause (b) of this subparagraph;
- h) Provisions for detention, suspension and removal from the classroom of students, consistent with Education Law Section 3214 and other applicable federal, state and local laws, including provisions for school authorities to establish procedures to ensure the provision of continued educational programming and activities for students removed from the classroom, placed in detention, or suspended from school, which shall include alternative educational programs appropriate to individual student needs;

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SUBJECT: CODE OF CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PROPERTY

- i) Procedures by which violations are reported and determined, and the consequences imposed and carried out;
- j) Provisions ensuring the *Code of Conduct* and its enforcement are in compliance with state and federal laws relating to students with disabilities;
- k) Provisions setting forth the procedures by which local law enforcement agencies shall be notified of Code violations which constitute a crime;
- l) Provisions setting forth the circumstances under and procedures by which parents/persons in parental relation to the student shall be notified of Code violations;
- m) Provisions setting forth the circumstances under and procedures by which a complaint in criminal court, a juvenile delinquency petition or person in need of supervision ("PINS") petition as defined in Articles 3 and 7 of the Family Court Act will be filed;
- n) Circumstances under and procedures by which referral to appropriate human service agencies shall be made;
- o) A minimum suspension period for students who repeatedly are substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interfere with the teacher's authority over the classroom, provided that the suspending authority may reduce such period on a case-by-case basis to be consistent with any other state and federal law. For purposes of this requirement, as defined in Commissioner's Regulations, "repeatedly is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom" shall mean engaging in conduct which results in the removal of the student from the classroom by teacher(s) pursuant to the provisions of Education Law Section 3214(3-a) and the provisions set forth in the *Code of Conduct* on four (4) or more occasions during a semester, or three (3) or more occasions during a trimester, as applicable;
- p) A minimum suspension period for acts that would qualify the student to be defined as a violent student pursuant to Education Law Section 3214(2-a)(a). However, the suspending authority may reduce the suspension period on a case-by-case basis consistent with any other state and federal law;
- q) A Bill of Rights and Responsibilities of Students which focuses upon positive student behavior and a safe and supportive school climate, which shall be written in plain-language, publicized and explained in an age-appropriate manner to all students on an annual basis; and

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Community Relations 4 of 5

SUBJECT: CODE OF CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PROPERTY

r) Guidelines and programs for in-service education programs for all District staff members to ensure effective implementation of school policy on school conduct and discipline, including but not limited to, guidelines on promoting a safe and supportive school climate while discouraging, among other things, discrimination, bullying and/or harassment against students by students and/or school employees; and including safe and supportive school climate concepts in the curriculum and classroom management.

The District's *Code of Conduct* shall be adopted by the Board only after at least one (1) public hearing that provided for the participation of school personnel, parents/persons in parental relation, students, and any other interested parties.

The Code of Conduct shall be reviewed on an annual basis, and updated as necessary in accordance with law. The District may establish a committee pursuant to Education Law Section 2801(5)(a) to facilitate review of its Code of Conduct and the District's response to Code of Conduct violations. The Board shall reapprove any updated Code of Conduct or adopt revisions only after at least one (1) public hearing that provides for the participation of school personnel, parents/persons in parental relation, students, and any other interested parties. The District shall file a copy of its Code of Conduct and any amendments with the commissioner, in a manner prescribed by the Commissioner, no later than thirty (30) days after their respective adoptions.

The Board shall ensure community awareness of its *Code of Conduct* by:

- a) Posting the complete *Code of Conduct* on the District's website, if any, including any annual updates and other amendments to the Code;
- b) Providing copies of a summary of the *Code of Conduct* to all students in an ageappropriate version, written in plain language, at a school assembly to be held at the beginning of each school year;
- c) Providing a plain language summary of the *Code of Conduct* to all parents or persons in parental relation to students before the beginning of each school year and making the summary available thereafter upon request;
- d) Providing each existing teacher with a copy of the complete *Code of Conduct* and a copy of any amendments to the Code as soon as practicable following initial adoption or amendment of the Code. New teachers shall be provided a complete copy of the current Code upon their employment; and
- e) Making complete copies available for review by students, parents or persons in parental relation to students, other school staff and other community members.

Continued

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SUBJECT: CODE OF CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PROPERTY

Privacy Rights

As part of any investigation, the District has the right to search all school property and equipment including District computers. Rooms, desks, cabinets, lockers, computers, etc. are provided by the District for the use of staff and students, but the users do not have exclusive use of these locations or equipment and should not expect that materials stored therein will be private.

Education Law Sections 11(8), 801-a, 2801 and 3214
Family Court Act Articles 3 and 7
Vehicle and Traffic Law Section 142
8 NYCRR Section 100.2

NOTE: Refer also to District Code of Conduct

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations

SUBJECT: PURCHASING

The District's purchasing activities will be part of the responsibilities of the Business Office, under the general supervision of the Purchasing Agent designated by the Board. The purchasing process should enhance school operations and educational programs through the procurement of goods and services deemed necessary to meet District needs.

Competitive Bids and Quotations

As required by law, the Superintendent will follow normal bidding procedures in all cases where needed quantities of like items will total the maximum level allowed by law during the fiscal year, (similarly for public works-construction, repair, etc.) and in such other cases that seem to be to the financial advantage of the District.

A bid bond may be required if considered advisable.

No bid for supplies shall be accepted that does not conform to specifications furnished unless specifications are waived by Board action. Contracts shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder who meets specifications. However, the Board may choose to reject any bid.

Rules shall be developed by the administration for the competitive purchasing of goods and services.

The Superintendent may authorize purchases within the approved budget without bidding if required by emergencies and are legally permitted.

The Superintendent is authorized to enter into cooperative bidding for various needs of the District.

Request for Proposal Process for the Independent Auditor

In accordance with law, no audit engagement shall be for a term longer than five (5) consecutive years. The District may, however, permit an independent auditor engaged under an existing contract for such services to submit a proposal for such services in response to a request for competitive proposals or be awarded a contract to provide such services under a request for proposal process.

Procurement of Goods and Services

The Board recognizes its responsibility to ensure the development of procedures for the procurement of goods and services not required by law to be made pursuant to competitive bidding requirements. These goods and services must be procured in a manner so as to:

- a) Comply with stated regulations;
- b) Prohibit conflicts of interest and actions of employees engaged in the selection, award and administration of contracts; No employee, officer, or agent may participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by a Federal award if they has a real or apparent conflict of interest.
- c) Assure the prudent and economical use of public moneys in the best interest of the taxpayer;
- d) Facilitate the acquisition of goods and services of maximum quality at the lowest possible cost under the circumstances; and
- e) Guard against favoritism, improvidence, extravagance, fraud and corruption.

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations 2 of 5

SUBJECT: PURCHASING

These procedures shall contain, at a minimum, provisions which:

- a) Prescribe a process for determining whether a procurement of goods and services is subject to competitive bidding and if it is not, documenting the basis for such determination;
- b) With certain exceptions (purchases pursuant to General Municipal Law, Article 5-A; State Finance Law, Section 162; State Correction Law, Section 184; or those circumstances or types of procurements set forth in (f) of this section), provide that alternative proposals or quotations for goods and services shall be secured by use of written request for proposals, written quotations, verbal quotations or any other method of procurement which furthers the purposes of General Municipal Law Section 104-b;
- c) Set forth when each method of procurement will be utilized;
- d) Require adequate documentation of actions taken with each method of procurement;
- e) Require justification and documentation of any contract awarded to other than the lowest responsible dollar offer, stating the reasons;
- f) Set forth any circumstances when, or the types of procurement for which, the solicitation of alternative proposals or quotations will not be in the best interest of the District; and
- g) Identify the individual or individuals responsible for purchasing and their respective titles. Such information shall be updated biennially.

Any unintentional failure to fully comply with these provisions shall not be grounds to void action taken or give rise to a cause of action against the District or any District employee.

Any intentional failure to comply with these provisions may lead to disciplinary actions.

The Board shall solicit comments concerning the District's policies and procedures from those employees involved in the procurement process. All policies and procedures regarding the procurement of goods and services shall be reviewed annually by the Board.

Best Value

General Municipal Law (GML) Section 103 permits a school district or BOCES to award purchase contracts in excess of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) on the basis of "best value", rather than on the basis of the lowest responsible bid. The Board of Education must adopt a resolution at a public meeting authorizing the award of bids based on "best

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations 3 of 5

SUBJECT: PURCHASING

value." The Board may also approve "best value" bid award recommendations on an individual bid basis at a scheduled public meeting. A best value award is one that optimizes quality, cost and efficiency, typically applies to complex services and technology contracts and is quantifiable whenever possible.

"Piggybacking" Law - Exception to Competitive Bidding

General Municipal Law (GML) Section 103 allows school districts to purchase certain goods and services (apparatus, materials, equipment and supplies) through the use of contracts let by the United States or any agency thereof, any state, and any county, political subdivision or district of any state. The amendment authorizes school districts and BOCES to "piggyback" on contracts let by outside governmental agencies in a manner that constitutes competitive bidding "consistent with state law."

This "piggybacking" is permitted on contracts issued by other governmental entities, provided that the original contract:

- a) Has been let by the United States or any agency thereof, any state (including New York State) or any other political subdivision or district therein;
- b) Was made available for use by other governmental entities and agreeable with the contract holder; and
- c) Was let in a manner that constitutes competitive bidding consistent with New York State law and is not in conflict with other New York State laws.

The "piggybacking" amendment and the "best value" amendment may not be combined to authorize a municipality to "piggyback" onto a cooperative contract which was awarded on the basis of "best value." In other words, while a school district or BOCES may authorize the award of contracts on the basis of "best value", it may not "piggyback" onto a purchasing contract awarded by another agency on the basis of "best value."

Alternative Formats for Instructional Materials

Preference in the purchase of instructional materials will be given to vendors who agree to provide materials in a usable alternative format (i.e., any medium or format, other than a traditional print textbook, for presentation of instructional materials that is needed as an accommodation for each student with a disability, including students requiring Section 504 Accommodation Plans, enrolled in the District). Alternative formats include, but are not limited to, Braille, large print, open and closed captioned, audio, or an electronic file in an approved format as defined in Commissioner's Regulations.

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations 4 of 5

SUBJECT: PURCHASING

As required by federal law and New York State Regulations, the District has adopted the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard (NIMAS) to ensure that curriculum materials are available in a usable alternative format for students with disabilities. Each school district has the option of participating in the National Instructional Materials Access Center (NIMAC). Whether a district does or does not participate in NIMAC, the district will be responsible to ensure that each student who requires instructional materials in an alternate format will receive it in a timely manner and in a format that meets NIMAS standards. The New York State Education Department (NYSED) recommends that school districts choose to participate in NIMAC, because this national effort to centralize the distribution of instructional materials in alternate formats will help guarantee timely provision of such materials to students.

For school districts, Boards of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES), State-operated schools, State-supported schools and approved private schools that choose to participate in NIMAC for textbooks and other printed core materials must include a provision that requires the publisher to produce NIMAS files and send them to the NIMAC (this will not add any cost to the contract).

For more information regarding NIMAC including model contract language, Steps for Coordinating with NIMAC and an IDEA Part B Assurances Application, see website: http://www.vesid.nysed.gov/specialed/publications/persprep/NIMAS.pdf

Geographic Preference in Procuring Local Agricultural Products

Schools participating in Child Nutrition Programs such as the National School Lunch Program, School Breakfast Program and/or Special Milk Program are encouraged to purchase unprocessed locally grown and locally raised agricultural products. A School District may apply an optional geographic preference in the procurement of such products by defining the local area where this option will be applied. The intent of this preference is to supply wholesome unprocessed agricultural products that are fresh and delivered close to the source.

A geographic preference established for a specific area adds additional points or credits to bids received in response to a solicitation, but does not provide a set-aside for bidders located in a specific area, nor does it preclude a bidder from outside a specified geographic area from competing for and possibly being awarded a specific contract.

Computer Software Purchases

Software programs designated for use by students in conjunction with computers of the District shall meet the following criteria:

- a) A computer program which a student is required to use as a learning aid in a particular class;
- b) Any content-based instructional materials in an electronic format that are aligned with State Standards **pursuant to Education Law or Commissioner's regulations** which are accessed or delivered through the internet and based on a subscription model. Such electronic format materials may include a variety of media assets and learning tools including video, audio, images, teacher guides, and student access capabilities as such terms are defined in Commissioner's Regulations.

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations 5 of 5

SUBJECT: PURCHASING

Environmentally Sensitive Cleaning and Maintenance Products

In accordance with Commissioner's Regulations, State Finance Law and Education Law, the District shall follow guidelines, specifications and sample lists when purchasing cleaning and maintenance products for use in its facilities. Such facilities include any building or facility used for instructional purposes and the surrounding grounds or other sites used for playgrounds, athletics or other instruction.

Environmentally sensitive cleaning and maintenance products are those which minimize adverse impacts on health and the environment. Such products reduce as much as possible exposures of children and school staff to potentially harmful chemicals and substances used in the cleaning and maintenance of school facilities. The District shall identify and procure environmentally sensitive cleaning and maintenance products which are available in the form, function and utility generally used. Coordinated procurement of such products as specified by the Office of General Services (OGS) may be done through central state purchasing contracts to ensure that the District can procure these products on a competitive basis.

The District shall notify their personnel of the availability of such guidelines, specifications and sample product lists.

Contracts for Goods, Services and Public Works

No contracts for goods and services shall be made by individuals or organizations in the school that involve expenditures without first securing approval for such contract from the Purchasing Agent.

No Board member or employee of the District shall have an interest in any contract entered into by the Board or the District.

Per General Municipal Law Section 103(5), upon the adoption of a resolution by a vote of at least three-fifths (3/5) of all Board members stating that for reasons of efficiency or economy there is need for standardization, purchase contracts for a particular type or kind of equipment, materials or supplies of more than twenty thousand (\$20,000) dollars may be awarded by the Board to the lowest responsible bidder furnishing the required security after advertisement for sealed bids in the manner provided in law. In addition, the Board is required to award all contracts for public works in excess of thirty-five thousand dollars (\$35,000) to the lowest responsible bidder after advertising for public sealed bids.

2013 5410 6 of 6 Non-Instructional/Business Operations 7 CFR 210.21, 215.14(a) and 220.16 20 USC Section 1474(e)(3)(B) Education Law Sections 305(14), 409-I, 701, 751(2)(b), 1604, 1709, 1950, 2503, 2554 and 3602 General Municipal Law Articles 5-A, 18 Section 103 State Finance Law Sections 162 and 163-b 8 NYCRR Sections 155, 170.2, 200.2(b)(10),200.2(c)(2) 200.2(i)

Note: Refer also to Policy # 6110 – Code of Ethics for Board Members and All District Personnel

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations

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SUBJECT: CONTRACTS FOR INSTRUCTION

Core Instructional Services

Core instructional services comprise those instructional programs which are part of the regular curriculum of the School District and to which students are entitled as part of a free public education. This would include both general and special education programs and related services which school districts are required by law to provide as part of a program of public education and for which a certification area exists and to which tenure rights apply pursuant to Education Law and/or Commissioner's Regulations.

Therefore, core instructional services include those in which students are provided classroom instruction to meet State learning standards in the seven general curriculum areas: English language arts; mathematics, science and technology; social studies; languages other than English; the arts; health, physical education and family and consumer sciences; and career development and occupational studies. Instruction in courses for which credit is awarded toward a high school diploma would also constitute "core instructional services." Core instruction includes special classes for students with disabilities.

Core instruction does not include other supplemental instructional services, such as tutoring and enrichment programs that are not offered for high school credit; advanced courses such as college courses that are beyond the regular high school curriculum; and services, such as online instructional services and distance learning, that assist teachers in providing instruction in their classrooms.

Contracts with a Non-Profit or Other Entity

The District may contract with a non-profit or other entity to provide distance or online learning provided that the distance or online learning program is used as a supplementary or additional resource to assist the District's certified teachers in delivering instruction. In these situations, the distance or online program itself would not constitute "core instruction" as described above.

The District may contract with certain entities where specifically authorized by statute or regulation, or where contracting is necessary to carry out duties imposed on the District by State or federal law.

Contracts for the Provision of Special Education "Related Services" for which a Certification Area Exists and to which Tenure Rights Apply Pursuant to Education Law and/or Commissioner's Regulations

The District may contract for the provision of special education "related services" for which a certification area exists and to which a tenure are applies but only in limited circumstances and with qualified individuals over whom the District has supervisory control.

Pursuant to the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), the School District is required to provide students with disabilities with a free appropriate public education (FAPE). The Board must provide related services as part of the continuum of special services and programs available to students with disabilities to enable such students to benefit from instruction. Related services include: audiology, counseling including rehabilitation counseling services, occupational therapy, physical therapy, speech pathology, certain medical services, psychological services, school health services, school nurse services, school social work, assistive technology services, interpreting services, orientation and mobility services, parent counseling and training and other appropriate developmental, corrective or other support services and appropriate access to recreation.

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations

SUBJECT: CONTRACTS FOR INSTRUCTION

However, the District also has obligations under the IDEA and Article 89 of the Education Law to deliver the services necessary to ensure that students with disabilities receive FAPE. SED recognizes that there will be situations in which school districts will not be able to deliver FAPE to students with disabilities without contracting with independent contractors. Where a School District is unable to provide the related services on a student's individualized education program (IEP) in a timely manner through its employees because of shortages of qualified staff or the need to deliver a related service that requires specialized expertise not available from School District employees, the Board has authority under Education Law to enter into contracts with qualified individuals as employees or independent contractors to provide those related services. Commissioner's Regulations requires that related services be provided by individuals with appropriate certification or license in each area of related service.

In order to ensure that such arrangements are not used to circumvent New York State's teacher tenure laws, the District must document that it would retain supervisory control over the individual and that, despite reasonable efforts, it has been unable to provide such services by hiring new employees or utilizing existing employees, or through any of the contractual arrangements authorized by Education Law, including contracts with other school districts, BOCES, approved state or state- supported schools, and approved private residential and nonresidential schools both inside and outside New York State.

Finally, if the District, after exhausting the steps outlined above, finds it necessary to contract with individuals, it should do so only for a period of one school year at a time. Before any such contract can be extended, or a new contract entered, the District must again take reasonable efforts to provide such services as described above.

Other Contracts for Instruction

This policy is not intended to be an exhaustive analysis, nor is it intended to cover every possible situation and/or educational program in which contracts may be contemplated.

The District will review all contractual or informal arrangements with its school attorney(s) to ensure that it is in compliance with applicable law and/or regulations.

20 United States Code (USC) Section 1401(26) Education Law Sections 1604(30), 1709(33), 804(1), 1805, 1903(1), 2503(1), 2503(3), 2554(1), 2554(15)(a), 4401(2), 4401(2)(k), and 4402(2)(b) 8 New York Code of Rules and Regulations (NYCRR) Sections 100.1, 100.2, 100.3, 100.4, 100.5, 200.1(qq), and 200.6(b)(3)

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations

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SUBJECT: PROCUREMENT: UNIFORM GRANT GUIDANCE FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

The District will follow all applicable requirements in the Uniform Grant Guidance (2 CFR Part 200) whenever it procures goods or services using federal grant funds awarded through formula and/or discretionary grants, including funds awarded by the United States Department of Education as grants or funds awarded to a pass-through entity, such as the New York State Education Department, for subgrants.

Uniform Grant Guidance Requirements

Under the Uniform Grant Guidance, the District will, among other things:

- a) Use its own documented procurement procedures which reflect applicable state, local and tribal laws and regulations, provided that the procurements conform to applicable federal law and the standards identified in the Uniform Grant Guidance.
- b) Establish and maintain effective internal controls that provide reasonable assurance that the District is managing the federal award in compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal award. Internal controls means a process, implemented by the District, designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the achievement of objectives in the following categories:
 - 1. Effectiveness and efficiency of operations;
 - 2. Reliability of reporting for internal and external use; and
 - 3. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- c) Comply with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the federal awards.
- d) Evaluate and monitor the District's compliance with statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of federal awards.
- e) Take prompt action when instances of noncompliance are identified including noncompliance identified in audit findings.
- f) Take reasonable measures to safeguard protected personally identifiable information and other information the federal awarding agency or pass-through entity designates as sensitive or the District considers sensitive consistent with applicable federal, state, local, and tribal laws regarding privacy and obligations of confidentiality.
- g) Maintain oversight to ensure contractors perform in accordance with the terms, conditions, and specifications of their contracts or purchase orders.
- h) Maintain written standards of conduct covering conflicts of interest and governing the actions of its employees engaged in the selection, award, and administration of contracts.
- i) Have procurement procedures in place to avoid acquisition of unnecessary or duplicative items. Consideration should be given to consolidating or breaking out procurements to obtain a more economical purchase.

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations

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SUBJECT: PROCUREMENT: UNIFORM GRANT GUIDANCE FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

- j) Award contracts only to responsible contractors possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. Consideration will be given to matters such as contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources.
- k) Maintain records that sufficiently detail the history of the procurement including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Rationale for the method of procurement;
 - 2. Selection of contract type;
 - 3. Contractor selection or rejection; and
 - 4. The basis for the contract price.
- l) Use time and material contracts, only after a determination that no other contract is suitable and the contract includes a ceiling price that the contractor exceeds at its own risk.
- m) Conduct all procurement transactions in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with the standards of the Uniform Grant Guidance.
- n) Conduct procurements in a manner that prohibits the use of statutorily or administratively imposed state, local or tribal geographical preferences in the evaluation of bids or proposals, except in those cases where applicable federal statutes expressly mandate or encourage geographic preference.
- o) Have written procedures for procurement to ensure that all solicitations:
 - 1. Incorporate a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements for the material, product, or service to be procured; and
 - 2. Identify all requirements which the offerors must fulfill and all other factors to be used in evaluating bids.
- p) Ensure that all prequalified lists of persons, firms, or products which are used in acquiring goods and services are current and include enough qualified sources to ensure maximum open and free competition.
- q) Use one of the following methods of procurement, which include:
 - 1. Micro-purchases;
 - 2. Small purchase procedures;
 - 3. Sealed bids:
 - 4. Competitive proposals; and
 - 5. Noncompetitive proposals.

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations 3 of 3

SUBJECT: PROCUREMENT: UNIFORM GRANT GUIDANCE FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

- r) Have a written method for conducting technical evaluations of the proposals received and for selecting recipients.
- s) Take all necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible.
- t) Include in all contracts made by the District the applicable provisions contained in Appendix II of the Uniform Grant Guidance -- Contract Provisions for Non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards.
- u) Perform a cost or price analysis in connection with every procurement action in excess of the Simplified Acquisition Threshold including contract modifications.
- v) Negotiate profit as a separate element of the price for each contract in which there is not price competition and in all cases where an analysis is performed.
- w) Comply with the non-procurement debarment and suspension standards which prohibit awarding contracts to parties listed on the government-wide exclusions in the System for Award Management (SAM).

2 CFR §§ 200.61, 200.303, 200.318, 200.319, 200.320, 200.321, 200.323, and 200.326 2 CFR Part 200, App. II

NOTE: Refer also to Policies #5410 - Purchasing

#5411 - Contracts for Instruction #5570 - Financial Accountability #5670 - Records Management

#6110 - Code of Ethics for Board Members and All District Personnel

#6161 - Conference/Travel Expense Reimbursement

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Non-Instructional/Business Operations

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SUBJECT: INVENTORIES AND ACCOUNTING OF FIXED ASSETS

The Superintendent or his/her designee will maintain a continuous and accurate inventory of fixed assets owned by the District in accordance with applicable rules, standards, procedures, and best practices. Fixed assets are, generally, long-term, tangible resources intended to be continuously held or used, and may include land, buildings, improvements, machinery, and equipment.

All fixed assets purchased and received by the District will be checked, logged, and stored through an established procedure.

The Assistant Superintendent for Administrative Services will account for assets on an annual basis according to applicable rules, standards, procedures, and best practices. These accounts will serve to:

- a) Maintain an inventory of assets;
- b) Establish accountability;
- c) Determine replacement costs; and
- d) Determine and provide appropriate insurance coverage.

The Board will establish a dollar threshold as a basis for considering which fixed assets are to be depreciated. This threshold will ensure that at least 80% of the value of these assets is reported. The threshold will not be greater than \$5,000. Standard methods and averaging conventions will be used in assessing, capitalizing, and depreciating fixed assets.

Fixed assets will be recorded at initial cost or, if not available, at estimated initial cost; gifts of fixed assets will be recorded at estimated fair value at the time of the gift. A property record will be maintained for each fixed asset and will contain, where possible, the following information:

- a) Date of acquisition;
- b) Description;
- c) Serial or other identification number;
- d) Any funding source and percentage contributed by the source;
- e) Vendor/manufacturer;
- f) Cost or value;
- g) Location and use;

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SUBJECT: INVENTORIES AND ACCOUNTING OF FIXED ASSETS

- h) Asset type;
- i) Condition and estimated useful life;
- j) Replacement cost;
- k) Current value;
- 1) Salvage value;
- m) Sale price and date and method of disposition; and
- n) Responsible official.

All fixed assets will be identifiable. Any discrepancies between an inventory and the District's property records should be traced, explained, and documented.

Management of Assets Acquired Under a Federal Government Grant or Subgrant

Inventories will be maintained for assets acquired with funds obtained through federal grant programs. A separate inventory will be maintained for each program. Each inventory will record assets in the same manner as the District's fixed asset inventory. Assets will be labeled to specify the source of funds used to purchase the item. All Title I assets will include "Title I" on the label. These inventories will track assets for at least five years from the date of receipt.

When original or replacement assets acquired under a federal grant or subgrant are no longer needed for the original project or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal agency, the District will dispose of the assets as follows:

- a) Assets with a current per-unit fair market value of less than \$5,000 may be retained, sold, or otherwise disposed of with no further obligation to the awarding agency.
- b) Assets with a current per-unit fair market value of greater than \$5,000 may be retained or sold and the awarding agency will have a right to an amount calculated by multiplying the current market value or proceeds from sale by the awarding agency's share of the assets.
- c) No federal approval is necessary to dispose of an asset costing over \$5,000 but approval from the New York State Education Department (SED) is necessary. Once SED has determined that it has no other need for the use of the asset, the District may proceed with selling it.

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SUBJECT: INVENTORIES AND ACCOUNTING OF FIXED ASSETS

The District will comply with the U.S. Department of Education regulations governing the use, management, and disposition of all equipment acquired through a federal government grant.

Equipment Purchased with Extraclassroom Funds

Title to all equipment acquired with extraclassroom activity funds will reside with the District and be carried as an insurable asset on its list of insurable values. This equipment will be tagged as District property but is available for exclusive use by the extraclassroom activity club acquiring it.

34 CFR Parts 74-99, 200
SED Finance
Pamphlet, The Safeguarding, Accounting, and Auditing of
Extraclassroom Activity Funds, 2015 Uniform System of Accounts for
School Districts (Fiscal Section)